DAY.004 (WAS INTRODUCTION)

save this and check out the data that is underlined...based on English documents and information from Mrs. Jean Holley Day, this information seems to be (in part) incorrect... December 8, 1987

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THE IMMIGRATION AND MOVEMENTS OF A BRANCH OF THE WOODWARD FAMILY FROM ENGLAND INTO VIRGINIA AND MARYLAND BETWEEN 1618-1620 AND LATER INTO SOUTH CAROLINA CA. 1758-1760

First Entered in JUne 1984 & Updated in December of 1988 by Robert R. Hill Sr.

(The number appearing after a name indicates the generation that person belongs to, example Christopher Woodward 2/ indicates he is of the 2nd known generation). When the same name is repeated several times (viz Christopher Woodward) it will be designated as Christopher Woodward (II) 3/ meaning he was Christopher Woodward the 2nd but of the 3rd known generation.

THIS BEGINS THE DATA THAT I RECEIVED FROM SC IN 1984 ON THE HISTORY OF THE WOODWARDS OF ENGLAND THAT IMMIGRATED INTO VA AND MD BETWEEN 1618-1760. I WILL CALL IT A MANUSCRIPT.

(NOTE BY ROBERT HILL....The following information was provided to me by Mrs. Christopher of S.C. back in 1984. She in turn got it from an elderly couple (name was not given to me or I have forgot it). I am told that the lady was a descendent of John Woodward, eldest child of Thomas (Regulator) Woodward. The people did not know or remember how or where they had obtained the data from but it was typed by what appears to have been an old typewriter on "thin onion skinned paper" and was faded so bad (in places) that it had to be held up to a light, read off and copied by another person. I can vouch that the data was copied accurately BUT I cannot prove or disapprove it's genealogical accuracy).

WOODWARD

From an old deed of estate conveyance found in the Archives of the Island Church of Barflour, Normandy, we learn that a family of noted Sea Kings of Elsinore (A.D. 912) named Vidarvarde, equipped ten ships for the service of Rolle, first Duke of Normandy, that for gallant sea service to said Prince on the Normandy coast, Ruark Vidarvarde, head of said family, was granted the Demeuse of Chase, De La Montague, Val De Saar, Normandy, where the family lived in opulence and high esteem up to the Norman invasion of England (1066). The name of this ancient Anglo-Norman family up to 1066 was spelled DuBoisgarde, having been translated from Norse spelling to Norman French.

We learn from the research of John Thorpe, an authoritative Herald of Duddleston Manor, Warwickshire, England, that a Knight & Armiger of said family passed to England in the Garde DuCorps of William the Conqueror (in 1066). That for valorous service at the Battle of Hastings, the two Gentlemen At Arms, namely Guilliamme and Richard DuBeisgarde, were chartered under Royal Seal of the Conqueror, William the First, to the Manors of Shevington and Standish County of Lancaster and that in the Deed of Conveyance thereof, they had their names DuBoisgarde anglicized to Wodewarde (or Woodward) such being a literal translation. They had the honor of having their names enrolled among those of the 648 knights whose names were preserved on the tapestry hung by William the Conqueror in the Battle Abbey, which he built to Commemorate the Battle of Hastings.

In the Doomsday Book or Census taker by the Conqueror, the name was Anglicized at first with the spelling Wodeward and Wodward and finally became Woodward, the literal significance of the name being Warden of the Woods or forest. Among the tenants in chief in Doomsday Book was one Wodward. Myles Standish was the son of a Woodward and a milk maid of Standish.

Richard Woodward in the year 1415 at the Battle of Agincourt, (October 25, 1415) so notably distinguished himself for great tactical skill and vigor, as to call forth the King's (Henry V) heartfelt thanks in a speech before the Army at Windsor. At the close of the campaign, His Majesty presented the gallant Knight with a shield of gold, bearing the family Arms but with a new motto namely, Suave Et Brave (Gentle & Brave). The Crest also on the shield was changed from the ols "greyhound Sejant" to a coronet mounted by a Greyhound, sign of alertness, vigilance and fidelity; and the armine in the upper quarter of the Coat, a sign of Purity in the Magistry. Recorded at Standish Hall County of Lancaster by Government under Commission called :Herald Visitation" attested at Heralds Office Tower of London in the year 1520.

From Armorial Families by Fox-Davies, published Edinburgh, Scotland by T.C. & E.C. Jack Publishing Company in 1895, Page 1058-Woodward: "The Reverend John Woodward, Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, Rector of St. Mary's Church, Montrose, used Armorial bearings, azure on a pale between two Eagles displayed argent. These arms were granted by Cooke, Clareneaux, King of Arms, in the year 1520 to John Woodward of Avon Basset in the County of Warwick and were confirmed with quarterings in the year 1563 at the visitation of the County by the Deputies of Camden, Clarencieux, King of Arms to Thomas Woodward of Butlers Marston County Warwick and since that date no pedigree at the family has been placed upon record at the "College of Arms."

The first known member of this branch of Woodwards was Edward Woodward 1/, who lived in Shropshire, England. Little is known of Edward, except that he was the father of Christopher Woodward (I) 2/.

Christopher Woodward (I) 2/ was married twice, first to a woman known only as Margaret, they had four daughters, who's names were not given.

His second marriage was to Elizabeth Oldberry Westwood, and they had the following children: Susan 3/, and Rebecca 3/, and a son also named Christopher Woodward (II) 3/, (b. ca. 1570- d. 22 March 1622 in Va.). (See will of Elizabeth (Westwood Oldberry) Feltham in Folio 108 of Prerogative Court of Canterbury, 1620).

Christopher Woodward (II) 3/ was married to Catherine Audley, daughter of Thomas Audley, of London, England. They had the following children: Thomas Woodward 4/, (b. ca 1609, William Woodward 4/, (b. ca. 1611 and who later became a wealthy merchant in London, sending three of his sons to Maryland): daughters Catherine 4/, Susan 4/, Mary 4/, Anne 4/, and Elizabeth Woodward 4/.

The 2nd marriage of Christopher Woodward (II) 3/ was to a lady named Margaret and they had a son named Christopher Woodward (III) 4/, born ca. 1594 in England.

(Note by Robert Hill: This birth date seems to point out that perhaps Margaret was the 1st wife and not the 2nd).

It was Christopher Woodward (II) 3/ that first immigrated from England, arriving in Virginia in 1618 on the ship "Giftie." Christopher Woodward (II) 3/ was located at "Martin's Hundred" by 1620, where he was an expert in the workings of "metal" and apparently the Iron Works that was located there was referred to as "Woodward's Labeur." He was killed on March 22, 1622 (Good Friday) in the Indian Massacre that occurred on that date at Martin's Hundred. He apparently was one of the 350 settlers killed that day, of which 58 was at Martin's Hundred. (Reference article in National Geographics, Volume 155, Number 6, issued June 1979).

Christopher Woodward (III) 4/ followed his father to Virginia (thus was the 2nd member of this family to immigrate). He arrived in 1620 on the ship "Trial." (or Tryall). He was married twice, first to Margaret and they had two sons Christopher Woodward (IV) 5/, born in Virginia in 1633 and he died there in 1665. The other son was George Woodward 5/, born 1635 in Va.

From the records it appears that Margaret died in 1635 or very early in 1636, because Christopher Woodward (III) 4/ married the second time to Dorothy Wilkinson before March 6, 1636, a daughter of Richard Wilkinson, who patented 100 acres of land on 29th August 1633, but later conveyed to "Dorothy, the daughter Woodward" as dower upon her marriage. (No date of this event). This 100 acre tract was where Thomas Woodward 4/, the Assayer and son of Christopher (II), located when he fled England in 1649. Later Thomas 4/ listed Christopher twice in obtaining a land grant.

(Question: Does this mean he listed the name of Christopher Woodward, the father two times or was he speaking of a father and grandfather)?

Dorothy, 2nd wife of Christopher (III) 4/, had one son, named Samuel Woodward 5/ (b 1637 d. 1680). He was married to Sarah Holloman, daughter of Robert Holloman. George apparently was born just prior to the death of his mother.

Records in Virginia allow us to get a glimpse into the life of Christopher (III) 4/. In 1625 there is a record of his "nowe dwelling house" at Shirley Hundred and his first wife Margaret is mentioned.

On 9th November 1635 a land grant to Christopher Woodward (III) 4/ mentions wife, but no name, and it is assumed that this was Margaret for the following reason.

Another land grant on 6th March 1636 mentions "his late wife Margaret" and his "now wife Dorothy." This appears to show that the death of Margaret probably took place between November 1635 and March 1636. In the "conveyance" to "Dorothy, the daughter Woodward" by her father Richard Wilkinson, no date of that transaction is given BUT their marriage occurred just after the birth of George Woodward 5/, last child of Margaret was born 1635. Samuel Woodward 5/ was the only son listed of Dorothy and Christopher Woodward (III) 4/ and he was born in 1637.

On 24th August 1637 a land transaction in the name of Christopher Woodward (III) 4/ is found....600 acres Charles City, 24 August 1637, bounded north on the Appomattox River, south into the woods, east upon land lately belonging to Wm. Farrer, Gentleman, and west upon the Winding River, 150 acres for adventure of self, late wife Margaret and now wife Dorothy Woodward. 450 acres for transportation for nine (9) people.

Based on information from records etc, we have this picture

of Christopher Woodward (III) 4/...Sometime between November 1635 and March 1636, Christopher 3/ married the 2nd time to Dorothy Wilkinson, having outlived his first wife Margaret. Margaret is mentioned at Shirley Hundred in 1625 and her death is believed to have been late 1635 or 1636.

From the preceding records it is known that Thomas Woodward 4/, b. 1606 and William Woodward 4/, b. 1611, along with sisters Susan 4/, Mary 4/, and Elizabeth Woodward 4/ were half brothers and sisters to Christopher Woodward (III) 4/, who was born 1594 in England and whom came to Virginia in 1620. They all had the same father (Christopher (II) 3/) but different mothers.

(NOTE by Robert Hill...It is important to remember this, since later on William Woodward 4/ sent sons to Maryland, thus the Woodwards of Virginia and Maryland were related by having the same father CHRISTOPHER WOODWARD (III) 4/).

George Woodward 5/ born 1635 and son of Christopher (III) 4/ and 1st wife Margaret, patented 2000 acres of land in 1677, "lying and being on the NE side of Dyascund Swamp in James City in the parish of "Wimbleton."

This George Woodward 5/ had four sons: Lancelot 6/ born 1683; John Woodward 6/ born 1692; George Woodward Jr. 6/ and another son Samuel Woodward 6/.

In 1704 all four sons had their plantations in that small part of Wilmington (or Wimbleton)...{this might been in NC}, which lay in the northeast part of Diascund or Warrenigh Creek, which 20 years later was merged with Blissland Parish.

Lancelot Woodward 6/ 650 acres, John Woodward 6/ 650 acres, George Woodward 6/ 350 acres, and Samuel Woodward 6/ 650 acres. (2000 total acres).

Lancelot Woodward 6/ married Elizabeth Cocke, daughter of William Cocke, became the ancestor of most of the Woodwards that presently settled and are living in the state of Virginia, and to a large degree, those that later moved into North and South Carolina. Lancelot Woodward 6/ died in 1750 at a ripe old age.

Samuel Woodward 5/, another son of Christopher Woodward (III) 4/ and 2nd wife Dorothy Wilkinson, was born 1637. He owned by 1704 about 600 acres of land that was originally granted to his father in 1637.

Samuel 5/ had married Sarah Holloman in 1680, who had inherited 1000 acres from her father Robert Holloman.. They had a son Samuel Woodward Jr. 6/. In 1704 when Samuel Sr. 5/ died, his widow (Sarah Holloman Woodward) remarried to John Sturdivant. At this time Samuel Jr 6/ sold 1/3 of 1000 acres and moved to Boston, Mass. It is from him that the Woodwards of Maine are mostly descended.

Let us return briefly to the remaining family members of Christopher Woodward (II) 3/ and his children by his wife Catherine Audley. Mary Woodward 4/ had married the Huguenot Roger Fountain, who established a colony on Cape Fear River in (NC). She died shortly after arrival. Their two sons Roger 5/ and Robert 5/ and daughter Mary 5/, moved to Virginia. Roger Fountain Sr. was a Missionary to the Indians, later became "demented."

William Woodward 4/, a son of Catherine Audley and Christopher (II) 3/, became a wealthy merchant in London, England. He later sent three sons to America, and they established the Maryland line of Woodwards at Woodwardsville in Anne Arundel County. From them the Woodwards of Maryland and S.C. are descended. (This will be dealt with later in the section devoted to the Woodwards of Maryland).

WOODWARD-AYLETTE CONNECTIONS Entered & added in December 1988

John Aylett patented lands in King William County, Virginia ca. 1666. He married ELIZA WOODWARD, sister of William Woodward, of New Kent County, Virginia. They had 3 sons, John Aylett (of Fairfield) went to Hanover County. Phillip Aylette had eleven (11) daughters. William Aylett married ANNE (WOODWARD) SPENCER. They had Benjamin, John, Phillip Aylett Jr & William Aylett.

Son Phillip Aylett married Ann Ashton and they had daughters Anne, Elizabeth and Mary. The daughter ANNE married AUGUSTINE WASHINGTON, brother of General George Washington. Elizabeth married Alexander Spotswood Moore and Mary Aylett married Richard Henry Lee.

Phillip Aylett and wife Anne Ashton had a son also named Phillip Aylett Jr. This son Phillip Aylett (Jr.) married Martha Dandridge, daughter of William Dandridge and Unity West, daughter of Captain Nathaniel WEst and wife Martha Woodward. THIS MARTHA WOODWARD WAS THE DAUGHTER OF WILLIAM WOODWARD (NEW KENT CO., VA.) & WIFE NAMED ???? HENLY, a daughter of Thomas Henly Sr.

At this point we must retrun to WILLIAM WOODWARD of New Kent County, Virginia.

William Woodward of New Kent County married the daughter (given name not listed) Thomas Henly Sr. They had a daughter named ANNE WOODWARD, who married 1st William Spencer and 2nd to WILLIAM AYLETT. (both listed above).

Other children of William Woodward and his wife ?? Henley

were: PHILLIP WOODWARD called "Philemon," JOHN WOODWARD SR., SAMUEL WOODWARD and MARTHA WOODWARD. MARTHA WOODWARD married three (3) times, 1st to John Biggers, 2nd to GIDEON MACON and 3rd to CAPTAIN NATHANIEL WEST. Captain Nathaniel West and Martha (Woodward, her 3rd marriage) had a daughter named UNITY WEST.

Unity West affair Continues after Henley Woodward Data, or 6 paragraphs below.

HENLEY WOODWARD OF NEW KENT COUNTY, VIRGINIA Added in December of 1988

Children of Henley Woodward John Woodward was born in Old Saint Peter's Parish, New Kent County, Virginia in 1742. Close behind comes, Samuel, Jeremiah, and Philemon Woodward.

The latter, Philemon Woodward had a Henley Woodward, which harks back to the Miss Henley, who was the great grandmother of this group of Woodwards. These Woodwards of old St. Peter's Parish were probably grandsons of the Philemon (PHILLIP), John, and Samuel Woodward, who's mother was a Miss Henley and married William Woodward, of New Kent County, the Indian Trader who purchased 2100 acres from the "Queen of the Pamunkys Indians" and who had the grant validated in 1664.

The Phillip Ayletts were probably throwbacks to the union of the emigrant John Aylett and Eliza Woodward, sister of the Indian Trader, William Woodward of New Kent County Virginia.

"Mr. William Woodward, 2100 acres New Kent County, 23 February 1664, N. side of Yorke River, beginning at mouth of Mr. Johs. Cr. (Creek?), running up the river, including a neck of sunden (sudden?) ground & C (??) to a creek nere against Captain Bassetts now dwelling house, which creek in the lower bound of land of Mr. Samuel Snead Sr., whereon he now lives, thence E. S. (E.??) & C (???) said land was purchased by said Woodward of Cocka Coeske, Queen of Pomunke, 27 September 1664. Upon desire of the said Queen that the said Woodward might seste upon the said land by her assigned and sett over to him the said Woodward. It was accordingly granted by order of the Governor and Council dated 24 November 1664.

(NOTE by Robert Hill... I do not believe the above William Woodward to be the William Woodward 4/...nothing has been found to show that William Woodward 4/ (Wealthy London Merchant) ever came over from England but instead sent his 3 sons...Now one was a William Woodward 5/...could this be William Woodward 5/, son of William Woodward 4/? It is my opinion that he was not and this William Woodward belonged to the Woodward line that had settled in and around Isle of Wight County Va.).

(Pickup of Unity West Affair)

This William Woodward (???) had a daughter named Martha Woodward who married 3 times, the 2nd time to Gideon Macon. After the death of Gideon Macon, Martha Woodward Macon (widow of Gideon Macon) married a 2nd time to Nathaniel West, her cousin. THEY had a child named Unity West, who married William Dandridge.

Martha Woodward Macon had a daughter named Martha Macon, by her first marriage (Gideon Macon) and that daughter Martha Macon, married Orlando Jones; Martha Macon Jones in turn had a daughter, who's names was Frances, and she married Colonel John Dandridge. THEIR daughter Martha Dandridge married a Curtis and was ancestor to the Curtis Family and the Lee Family of Virginia.

After the death of Mr. Curtis, Martha Dandridge Curtis became the wife of GEORGE WASHINGTON, the first President of the United States.

George Washington adopted her son and daughter and called the son George Washington Parke Curtis. Mary Ann Randolph Curtis was the only one of four children of Mary Lee Fitzhugh and George Washington Parke Curtis, who lived past infancy.

She was born in "Arlington House" in 1808, which was built by her father, and was to inherit it and possessions accumulated by three (3) generations of her family BUT she married ROBERT E. LEE on his graduation from West Point in 1831. Arlington House became a "possession" of the Federal Government for use as a "cemetery" for Federal Soldiers after the Civil War. She died in 1873, just 3 years after the death of her famous husband, GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE. CSA.

Thomas Woodward 4/, another son of Christopher (II) 3/ and wife Catherine Audley, was born ca. 1606-09 and died in 1677. He was a violent Royalist, who had been "Assayer" of the London Mint. He was dismissed in 1649 by Bradshall, President of the Council of State, because of his opposition to Parliament (Cromwell). He came over to Virginia in 1649, vowing that he would never see England again until his Majesty's return from exile.

Note: Thomas Woodward 4/ (1609-1677) Royalist, Assayer London Mint (H 37 F) (1519-1660) November 1658 James Pylan, Member from Isle of Wight expelled as an abetter of Thomas Woodward (4/) in his mutinous and rebellion Declaration: He was dismissed as assayer November 1661. Son John Woodward 5/ was Assay Master (1665). Son Thomas Jr. 5/ died intestate January

1680.

Thomas Woodward 4/ is said to be among the founders of the science of Mineralogy. He first settled on "Pagan Creek", Isle of Wight County, in Virginia. He had large land holdings in Virginia and was first surveyor General of Carolina, (NC) where he also had several large land grants.

General Court of March 20th 1663 shows Thomas 4/ constituted sole surveyor of Carolina, by order of Sir William Berkley, Governor of Virginia and Carolina General Court of June 1st, 1661, authority from County of Albemarle in the Province of Carolina, William Drummond and Thomas Woodward 4/ to treat about the cessation (of tobacco planting) with Maryland.

Isle of Wight County Court Records of Virginia, show that on 10th November 1661, deposition of Thomas Woodward 4/ age 61, to Robert Harris for life of Robert Harris and his son, (This indicates a birth ca. 1600). Robert Harris, conveying said Woodward's dwelling and the plantation Phillip Hanford lately lived 100 acres.

(NOTE by Robert Hill: Reference to dates of birth of Thomas 4/, 1605-09, two different dates listed so far, 1605-06 and 1609...also in reference to the king's exile, Charles 1st was beheaded 29th January 1649 and his son Charles 2nd was in exile).

(ADDITIONAL COMMENTS by Robert Hill: Reference is made to the original document from which this information was taken: the source originally is unknown, dates often conflict as in the case of the above person....Example, one birth date given 1606, yet shortly afterwards it is given as 1609. Above, the underlined data points to a birth of ca. 1600. We now have three dates relating to birth of Thomas Woodward 4/, 1600, 1606 and 1609. Records indicate that the year of his death was 1677.

Circuit Court of Isle of Wight County Virginia, Will Book 2, page 153, Will of Thomas Woodward 4/, dated 5 October 1677, recorded 9 October 1677 mentions son Thomas Woodward 5/, giving him all the land at Blackwater; also daughters: Philerita 5/, Katherine 5/, Elizabeth 5/, Mary 5/, Rochell 5/, and a son John Woodward 5/, and "my son John's children in England," if any. Son Thomas 5/ and daughter Philerita 5/ are named executors.

Will Book 2, part 2, page 51, Feb. 9th 1680, Katherine Woodward, widow, ask for administration on behalf of her son John Woodward 5/, next brother to Thomas Woodward 5/.

(NOTE BY ROBERT HILL...To me this indicates that son Thomas Woodward Jr. 5/, was the oldest son of Thomas 4/, and was the administrator of his father's estate (Thomas 4).Thomas

Woodward Jr. 5/ son of Thomas 4/, died intestate in January 1680 and it appears to me that his mother was now asking the court's permission for the next son John Woodward 5/ to administer the estate of her deceased husband Thomas 4/ due to the death of her son, Thomas Jr. 5/).

Division of the estate of Thomas Woodward 4/, 9th October 1681 among Mrs. Katherine Woodward, the children, Mrs Philerita Giles and Thomas Woodward Jr. 5/. Will Book 2, page 239, Katherine Woodward dated April 17th 1684, recorded June 9th 1684, whole goods to living children Katherine 5/, Elizabeth 5/, Mary 5/, John 5/, and Rachel Woodward 5/. (Note that son Thomas Jr 5/ was not listed).

LAND GRANTS TO THOMAS WOODWARD 4/.

Thomas Woodward 4/, 100 acres, lower parish of Isle of Wight County, Virginia, 24 Sept 1659, adjacent to East, Southeast parts of land of Thomas Jones and lately purchased by said Woodward, bounded with land patented to Captain John Upton, Captain John Moore and said Jones. Transportation of 2 persons. Jane Price and Mary Griles? (This was on Pagen Creek).

Katherine Woodward, wife of Thomas Woodward 4/ and Philerita Woodward 5/, daughter, 750 acres on west side of Paspetauke River, beginning at a point above the mouth of a large creek falling into said river; 25th Sept 1663, Transportation of 15 persons, Fra. Cst ? Jon. Garnell, Mary Well, Alice Jeffry, Jno. Newton, Christian Green, Jno. Barnwell, Mary Taylor, Robert Cox, Ja. Johnson, Ja. Corke (or Cocke), Rich. Harman, Tho. West, Jno. Smith, Tho. Turnell. (This area is today in North Carolina, near Elizabeth City).

Thomas Woodward 4/ and Thomas Woodward Jr. 5/ his son, 2500 acres on the North side of Paspetauke River, beginning at the head of the eastern most branch of Araneus Creek, toward the head of the North River, 25 Sept. 1663, Transportation for 50 persons: Eliz Elareton, Xpher Davis, Richard Marr, Edw. Rycroft, Hen. Green, Tho. Patman, Jno. Brathwite, An. Ering, Wm. Lovet, Mary Spencer, Jno. Hollum, Rich. Wyatt, Mohan Hogan, Kat Kadlin, Jno. Rick, Robt. Chambers, Tho. Hamton, Ma. Lenox, Row. Denson, Rob. Shepard, Sil. Ward, Jno. Barker, Hum. Chapman, Tho. Beffin, Ja. Murday, Geo. Petit, Tho. Gilnett, Leo Hathorne, Wm. Thomas, Rob. Walters, Jno. Simpson, Jno. Partridge, Thos. Carver, Jeff Mumforf, Mary Cross, Jno. Olton, Rich. Hamond, Rich. James, Mary Simons, Alex. Frizell, Wm. Hazelwood, Wm. Famil, Tho. Clement, Arspet Roestine, Dan. Fenny. (This is now in North Carolina, near Camden)???

Thomas Woodward Sr. 4/ and son Thomas Jr. 5/ 2000 acres on west side of Chowanoke River, beginning 50 poles below the small creek which is at the lower part of the old INDIAN

TOWNE, running west Southwest..25 Sept 1663. Transportation for 40 persons: Hum. Pawle, Tho. Pryar, Ann Sutton, Robt Black, Arthur Holden, Jacob Browne, Symon Pritchard, Ezekiel Williams, Wm. Miller, Wm. Holden, Robt. Carver (or Carter), Jno. Stevenson, Arth. Wyn, John Hamlin, Apher Woodward, (twice?), Tho. Marshall, John Bird, Robt. Hancoke, Peter Dennis, (twice), Eliz. Jemer, Sarah Marshall, Peter Janson, Ester Huke, Mich. Talin, Tho. Richmond, Tho. Parin, Samel Moses, Step. Persian, Samek Henry. (This is today in Bertie County, N.C. There is a village of Woodward there and none of the present residents know how it got it's name).

THIS CONCLUDES THE FIRST PART WOODWARD FAMILY HISTORY THAT I RECEIVED FROM SC IN 1984. THE REMAINDER IS FOUND IN INTRODUCTION.2 (PART 2). Robert R. Hill June 28, 1984

THIS IS A CONTINUATION OF INTRO (INTRODUCTION)

John Woodward 5/, son of Thomas Woodward 4/, 500 acres Glouster Co., 17 May 1655. Bounded on N and NE side of Pyanketauk River and SE upon Abraham Moon, Transportation of 10 persons: Thomas Barrett, Roser Mallery, John Wale, Ed. Kenny, Teague Ottamon, Roger Donouge, Tho. O. Morpher, Daniel Beane: Relinquished the rights to make good a patent for Col. Lee's children. (Note: This was Colonel Richard Lee).

Petition of John Woodward 5/, son of Thomas 4/, dated November 1661. To be put in possession of the house and offices of Assay Master of the Mint, held by his father till the late trouble (dismissed Oct 23, 1649) wishes to keep the office until he (Thomas Woodward 4/) returns (to England) or if he be dead to have grant of it himself (John Woodward 5/). Petition granted July 1662. The king to the Warden of the Mint, Hampton Court, July 12th, 1665. The office of Assay Master in the Mint, being vacant by the death of John Woodward 5/, and absence of Thomas Woodward 4, his father, who if alive, is at some plantation on York River, in Virginia. John Brattle is to exercise the office during the absence of Thomas Woodward 4/, with a fitting allowance. John Woodward 5/, son of Thomas Woodward 4/, had come to Virginia with his father, had returned to England when the monarchy was restored and became Assay Master. He died in 1665. Indications are that his wife was the daughter of Captain William Pierce, a member of the Virginia Council.

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NOTE OF IMPORTANCE; IT SHOULD BE POINTED OUT THAT THE FOLLOWING WOODWARD FAMILY OF MARYLAND, AND SOUTH CAROLINA ARE RELATED...NOTE THE FATHER OF THE IMMIGRANTS WAS CHRISTOPHER WOODWARD (II) 3/. ALSO REMEMBER THAT THE GENEALOGY OF THE FOLLOWING FAMILY IS DEFINITELY PARTIALLY WRONG AND THAT THOMAS WOODWARD, SON OF ABRAHAM, IS NOT THE FATHER OF THOMAS WOODWARD, THE REGULATOR, LATER OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

THE IMMIGRATION OF WOODWARDS INTO MARYLAND, AND THEIR MOVEMENT INTO SOUTH CAROLINA, VIA WAY OF FAIRFAX CO., VA.

(This was also part of the old Manuscript that I received in 1984 from S.C. but deals with the Maryland Woodwards, said to be my descendents, although I have not been able to make a definite connection). Robert Hill

William Woodward 4/, son of Christopher Woodward (II) 3/ and his first (might be 2nd) wife Catherine Audley, was born ca. 1611 in England. Note he was the brother of the Thomas Woodward 4/, who had large land holding in Virginia, and mentioned in the previous chapter. William Woodward 4/ was a wealthy merchant in London and he sent three (3) sons to Maryland from England. They were Henry Woodward 5/, William Woodward 5/, and Abraham Woodward 5/. They settled in Ann Arundel County in Maryland.

Henry Woodward 5/ settled later on the Patuxet River and he married Mary Garrett, sister of Amos Garrett, the wealthy merchant of Annapolis and had the following children: Elizabeth 6/, Mary 6/, William 6/, Hannah 6/ and Garrett 6/. It is said that from this branch, the wealthy New York Banker & horseman is descended. (Who was he??)

Abraham Woodward 5/, settled in Ann Arundel County Maryland. He was born in 1686 in England. Is said to have married to Elizabeth Finloe on 7th November 1707 in Maryland. They appear to have had four children: Mary 6/, Henry 6/, Elizabeth 6/, and Eleanor Woodward 6/. The wife Elizabeth Finloe died and Abraham remarried the 2nd time to Priscilla (Ruley) Orrick, who was a widow. This 2nd marriage seems to have taken place on 25th August 1715, probably in Annapolis, Md. Abraham Woodward 5/, seems to have died late in 1743 OR VERY EARLY OF 1744. His will, dated 26 1744, mentions wife Priscilla, son: William 6/, Abraham 6/, and Thomas Woodward 6/. Also mentioned were daughters: Rebecca 6/, Martha 6/, and Priscilla 6/.

The following is information of children of Abraham Woodward 5/ and his 2nd wife Priscilla (Ruley) Orrick. William Woodward 6/, was born 6th December 1716? died 1790. Rebecca Woodward 6/, was born 15th January 1722. Martha Woodward 6/, was born 8th December 1726. Abraham Woodward 6/, was born 5 January 1729.

The above data was part of the old Woodward Family History

sent by Mrs. Christopher BUT I have made corrections, such as adding dates when data was found. THIS COMPLETES THE OLD WOODWARD MANUSCRIPT RECEIVED IN 1984. Robert Hill

SPECIAL NOTE: REFERENCE TO FOLLOWING PARAGRAPH...... INFORMATION FOUND IN AUGUST 1986 IN FAIRFAX COUNTY VIRGINIA REVEALS THAT THE GENEALOGY IN THE NEXT PARAGRAPH IS NOT CORRECT AND WILL HAVE TO BE CHANGED. THOMAS WOODWARD 6/, SON OF ABRAHAM WOODWARD 5/, DID NOT MARRY ELIZABETH SIMPSON. THIS THOMAS WOODWARD 6/ COULD NOT POSSIBLY BE THE FATHER OF THOMAS WOODWARD 7/ KNOWN AS THE REGULATOR...

INSTEAD THE SUPPOSEDLY NAMED ELIZABETH SIMPSON WAS ACTUALLY NAMED MARY WOODWARD, AND WAS THE DAUGHTER OF THOMAS SIMPSON AND HIS FIRST WIFE (NAME UNKNOWN. COULD IT HAVE BEEN ELIZABETH SIMPSON?). THOMAS SIMPSON AND HIS UNKNOWN WIFE, WERE THE MATERNAL GREAT GRANDPARENTS OF THOMAS (THE REGULATOR) WOODWARD 7/.

THE MOTHER OF THOMAS WOODWARD 7/, WAS MARY SIMPSON WOODWARD AND NOT REPEAT NOT ELIZABETH SIMPSON, AS STATED IN THE BOOK "REMINISCENCES" (PAGE 124). MARY WOODWARD, MOTHER OF THE REGULATOR, MAY HAVE MARRIED A THOMAS WOODWARD (AS STATED ON PAGE 124 OF THE BOOK "REMINISCENCES" BUT IT WAS NOT THE SON OF ABRAHAM WOODWARD 5/.

THE FIRST WIFE OF THOMAS SIMPSON AND MOTHER OF MARY WOODWARD, WOULD THEREFORE BE THE MATERNAL GRANDMOTHER OF THOMAS (REGULATOR) WOODWARD 7/ AND HER MAIDEN NAME IS VERY STRONGLY SUSPECTED TO BE BAXTER.

MARYLAND RECORDS SHOWS THAT THE THOMAS WOODWARD 6/ AND SON OF ABRAHAM WOODWARD 5/, MARRIED ONLY ONCE, TO MARGARET (WATTERS) IZAMS AND HE WAS BORN IN 1732 MAKING IT IMPOSSIBLE FOR HIM TO BE FATHER OF THOMAS WOODWARD 7/ BORN 1719 AS IS NOW BELIEVED NOR EVEN IF HE WAS BORN IN 1729 AS PREVIOUSLY STATED).

(Reference this paragraph, see special note above: Thomas Woodward 6/, son of Abraham Woodward 5/ and supposedly the son of the 2nd wife Priscilla, is a mystery. We have conflicting birth dates for him from two different sources. One states he was born in 1725 to Priscilla, while another source says his birth was ca. 1709-1711. The birth of his son by the 2nd wife Elizabeth Simpson was in 1729 (Thomas Woodward 7/, and this would seem to indicate a mistake on the dates of 2nd marriage of Abraham Woodward 5 or that Thomas Woodward 6/ was the son of Abraham Woodward 5/ and his 1st wife Elizabeth Finloe, who married in 1707. (NOTE: The mother of Thomas Woodward 7/ was named Mary Simpson, not Elizabeth Simpson, who MAY be her mother. Thomas Woodward 7/ appears to have been born ca. 1719 and 1729 as is generally accepted. There is no definite data available at this time that shows a connection of Thomas (The Regulator) Woodward 7/ to Thomas Woodward 6/ or to his father Abraham Woodward 5/.

(SPECIAL NOTE: UNDERLINED DATA ABOVE IS INCORRECT...ELIZABETH SIMPSON DID NOT MARRY THOMAS WOODWARD 6/. IT MAY BE THAT SHE WAS THE FIRST WIFE OF THOMAS SIMPSON, GRANDFATHER ON MATERNAL SIDE OF FAMILY TO THOMAS (REGULATOR) WOODWARD 7/. IF SO HER MAIDEN NAME APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN BAXTER. NO EVIDENCE OF THIS HAS BEEN FOUND.

Thomas Woodward 7/ son of Thomas 6/ and 2nd wife Elizabeth Simpson (Woodward) Robertson was born in Fairfax County Virginia in 1729. He was a Captain in the French-Indian Wars and served with George Washington during that time. He married the 1st time in Virginia to Jemima Collins, (b. ca 1730). They married ca. 1744-1745, and had two sons and four daughters. The sons were: John Woodward 8/ who was born 1745. He married in S.C. in 1772 to Esther McDonald, fought in the Revolution with his father and brother William. John Woodward 8/ died on 26th May 1817 in Fairfield County S.C. The other son was William Woodward 8/ who was born on 7th October 1762 in Virginia. He too fought in the Revolution with father and brother John. William became a famous Baptist Minister in South Carolina, was a physician and served in the Fourteenth (14th) Session of the U.S. Congress (House of Representatives) after the war. He married Nancy Elizabeth Barrett in S.C. ca. 1781 and he died in Chester County S.C. on 23 July 1820.

(NOTE: UNDERLINED DATA IN ABOVE PARAGRAPH IS WRONG).

In between the two boys there were four daughters: Margaret 8/, married later to James Nelson Sr., Rebecca Woodward 8/ married Philip Raiford Jr., Nancy Woodward 8/, born 1760 in Virginia, married Robert Rabb, and Priscilla Woodward 8/ married James Andrews Jr. All of the above children were born in Virginia, but their deaths and marriages took place in South Carolina.

Jemima (Collins) Woodward, wife of Thomas (Regulator) 7/, died in Virginia in 1762 but after birth of son William (October 7th 1876) or early 1763. After her death, Thomas 7/ moved his family and his widowed mother (Mary Simpson Woodward Robinson), along with two half brothers and a half sister to Camden District, S.C., in the area of today's Fairfield County South Carolina.

Thomas Woodward 7/, married a 2nd time in S.C. to a widow, who was part Indian. Her name was Elizabeth Stokes Mays, who already had 2 sons and a daughter by her 1st husband, John Mays.

Thomas 7/ and his 2nd wife Elizabeth Stokes Mays, had the following children, ALL born in South Carolina. Thomas . Woodward 8/ married Miss Howard. He died on 23 March 1800. Thomas Woodward 8/ was the father of Thomas Simpson Woodward 9/, who later wrote the letters that the book "Reminiscences" originated from.

END OF DATA.