

Typed

Ragsdale

submitted by  
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John Ragsdale came to America from England and settled in Virginia. He married Mary Harrison of Virginia and in 1770 they moved to South Carolina and settled in Fairfield County. One of their children was Samuel Ragsdale.

Samuel Ragsdale was born in Fairfield County, South Carolina, and lived there until middle-life. As a young man, he married Hannah Estes, a daughter of William Estes. They were the parents of a son whom they named <sup>Elisha</sup> Robert. When Robert was only a small child,

his mother, Hannah Estes Ragsdale, died and thereafter his father married again and, with his new wife, moved to Alabama. Robert Ragsdale remained in Fairfield County under the care of the Reverend Joseph Holmes, a Methodist minister. ~~The preacher with whom he lived thought that he should have a Biblical name, so he called him Elisha.~~

Elisha Robert Ragsdale was born in Fairfield County on April 12, 1825. He died November 17, 1862. He married Nancy Angelie (Nannie) Stanton, born October 29, 1834, died November 25, 1922. They lived for a time in Richland County, South Carolina. It was <sup>8</sup>  
<sub>3</sub>

there that their first child, Edward Bernard Ragsdale was born. Soon thereafter they bought a plantation in Fairfield County "above and below the confluence of Little River and Jackson Creek." It was on this plantation that the other two children, Glenn Walker Ragsdale and John Knox Ragsdale, were born.

South Carolina seceded. Elisha Robert Ragsdale, although he had a wife and three small sons immediately volunteered (3rd Battalion, S.C. Volunteers). He died of pneumonia in a Confederate Hospital in Richmond, Virginia, and was buried in Hollywood Cemetery in that city. 74

4. When her husband went off to the War, "Nannie" <sup>Ragsdale</sup> Stanton, with her three small sons, moved into the home of her father, John D. Stanton, who was then a widower living alone on a large plantation. John D. Stanton, by all accounts, was a man of high ideals and exemplary character and contributed much to the upbringing and training of his three small grandsons. He was a highly respected citizen and up until the end of the War Between the States was a relatively wealthy man. Glenn W. Ragsdale, a small boy at that time, watched Sherman's soldiers set fire to the 25

5.

plantation buildings and destroy more than a hundred bales of cotton that were stored in the gin-house and other buildings. He said this was the biggest, the most awe-inspiring fire that he had ever seen, up until that time. After the army moved on, little was left other than the ~~the~~ scorched land. He quoted, as applying to his Grandfather, what Ben Hill had said about others: "He stood neck deep in the ashes of his own poverty."

The early lives of these three boys, Edward B. Ragsdale, Glenn W. Ragsdale and John K. Ragsdale <sup>were</sup> ~~were~~ <sub>to</sub> 6

much like that of other farm boys in that community following the War. They attended school at Shiloh Academy, worked on the farm, and each in turn attended Furman College, later Furman University.

Edward, the oldest, after leaving Furman taught school for two years. He studied law under Colonel Rion and Judge Melton. After being admitted to the Bar, he opened an office in Winnsboro, South Carolina. He was becoming reasonably well established in his profession when he was joined by his brother Glenn, who had followed #7

7.  
the same pattern set by his older brother. After he ~~had~~  
left Furman, Glenn also taught school for two years, in the meantime studying law under the direction of Colonel Rion and Judge Melton and, upon being admitted to the Bar, joined his brother under the firm name of Ragsdale and Ragsdale. John broke the pattern set by his two older brothers. He farmed for a time and then entered the mercantile business at Blairs, South Carolina.

Edward B. Ragsdale and Glenn W. Ragsdale were young men, young lawyers, ambitious to succeed in their chosen profession.

<sup>8</sup>They possessed in abundance the essentials for success. Character, ability, integrity, personality and the energy, drive and determination that carried them to their objective. They made an excellent, well-balanced team. Ed was the more gregarious, the more loquacious, the speaker, the advocate, the "mixer." He was undoubtedly an extrovert with unbounded confidence in himself and his ability to achieve. Glen bordered on the introvert. Though equally able, talented and popular he was more at ease in the office doing the essential research and preparing the cases for trial. Their success 149

was almost immediate.  
Their reputation spread  
throughout Fairfield  
County and into adjoining  
counties, and ultimately  
throughout the state.  
As was well said: "In  
the multiplicity of  
affairs, the firm attained  
fame throughout the  
state - Glen for his  
pleading, Ed for his  
advocacy."

Ed, the advocate, the  
orator, played the more  
spectacular role. It was  
he who stood before the  
Courts, the juries, the  
public as a living symbol  
of law and justice. But  
it was Glen who did  
the more mundane, the  
unseen, but the absolutely  
JB

<sup>10</sup> essential task of preparing the cases for trial with meticulous care, and ever sitting by the eloquent advocate to make sure that not one essential fact or point of law was overlooked in the presentation. Both tasks were equally important if there was to be any outstanding success.

Until the death of Ed, he and his brother Glenn were so closely associated in their personal relations, their profession, their business ventures and activities that it is next to impossible to write of one without mentioning the other, during the years of their association. It is seldom that one <sup>15 11</sup>

finds brothers, or other business associates, who so completely trusted each other and had such respect for and admiration of the ability and integrity of the other. Both men were accomplished, erudite, able, and broadly grounded in the fundamentals of the law. <sup>One</sup> ~~the~~ may praise either ~~one~~ <sup>man</sup> without detracting from the other - there was enough talent to go around.

In 1896 Ed was first elected to the State House of Representatives, and at the same time <sup>16+</sup>

12.  
His brother, Glenn, was elected to the State Senate. Red served two terms of two years each and was elected to a third term but died before taking his seat. Glenn served two terms of four years each and refused to stand for re-election. He did, however, serve in the Senate again in the nineteen twenties.

While serving in the Senate, in the dawning of the twentieth century, Glenn Ragsdale wrote, sponsored, and, against great opposition, drove through an Act of far-reaching importance, not only to the legal

profession, but to the entire public. It revolutionized court pleadings and procedure by abolishing the complicated and antiquated system of court pleadings required at that time. Under the old system a lawyer must not only be learned in the law but had to be a craftsman of unusual skill to prepare, for instance, a complaint that could not be thrown out of court on an unimportant technicality. Mr. Ragsdale was such a skilled technician, but he saw the necessity for simplification.

Glen Ragsdale was a member of the constitutional convention

14.  
of 1895.

It has been said of  
Glenn Walker Ragsdale:  
"He was the same  
commanding figure  
whether in the  
Constitutional Convention,  
the State Senate, ~~the~~  
~~Good~~ presiding over the  
Circuit Court, or consulting  
with clients in his  
office." He was a gentle,  
compassionate, friendly  
man of great charm;  
a man of convictions who  
expressed his opinions  
freely but diplomatically;  
and a man who had  
a pernicious hatred of  
sham and hypocrisy.  
Perhaps a few words  
written by Mr. W. W.  
Dixon soon after Glenn

15.  
Ragsdale's death expressed it well: "When night draws down its curtain, it is not to conceal but to reveal the great stars. When death lays its pall on a great man, it brings out the strength, and beauty of that life."

Edward Bernard Ragsdale,  
March 16, 1856 - Sept. 18, 1901  
not married.

Glenn Walker Ragsdale,  
June 3, 1858 - Sept. 11, 1931  
married  
Inez Eppes McMeekin  
Nov. 1, 1866 - March 10, 1932

John Knot Ragsdale  
Feb. 21, 1860 - Jan. 8, 1915  
married  
Minnie Calhoun McMeekin  
Sept. 30, 1861 - Jan. 20, 1952  
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are to be developed

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16.. Glenn Walker Ragsdale  
and his wife, Ivey Eppes  
McMeekin were the parents  
of five children: Ethel Louise,  
Ivey Beatrice, William Glenn,  
Robert Walker, and Edith  
McMeekin.

1. Ethel Louise Ragsdale  
April 16, 1889 -  
married  
John Hugh Mc Laurin  
March 29, 1883 - Jan. 3, 1950

They were the parents of  
five children: Ethel Craig,  
John Hugh Jr., Ivey, Sara, and  
Glenn Duncan.

2. Ivey Beatrice Ragsdale  
July 27, 1981 -  
married

Grover Gordon Mc Laurin  
Jan. 30, 1887 -

They are the parents of  
five children: Grover Gordon, Jr.,  
Nancy Della, Ivey Glenn, Ethel Louise,  
and Marianne.

17.  
3. William Glenn Ragsdale  
b. Dec. 20, 1894 d. June 29, 1981

A graduate of Clemson College (now University). A World War One Veteran. A rural mail carrier, a lawyer, a business man. Extremely bright and intelligent and one of those rare individuals with charm, personality, and magnetism. He and his wife Ella Little

Smith (b. May 15, 1905 - d. Feb. 29, 1972) were the parents of two children, Virginia Little Ragsdale and Elinor Glenn (Bob) Ragsdale.

a. Virginia Little Ragsdale

Nov. 20, 1923 -

married  
Jacob Coleman Stevenson  
Feb. 26, 1923 - Jan. 17, 1981

They are the parents of three children:

@ Jacob Coleman Stevenson, Jr.  
Dec. 23, 1946

18. (8) William Glenn Stevenson  
Feb. 20, 1949

married  
Betsy Jane Chapman  
Dec. 6, 1951

They are the parents  
of two children, Kensey  
Glenn (Oct. 10, 1975) and  
Martha Elizabeth (June 26, 1979)

(9) Virginia Ragsdale Stevenson  
Nov. 16, 1951

married  
Carl Edward Startzman  
Nov. 12, 1952

They are the parents  
of one daughter, Virginia Glenn  
(Jan. 23, 1978).

f. Elinor Glenn (Bob) Ragsdale  
Feb. 17, 1926

married  
William Lindsay Wylie  
April 26, 1926

19: They are the parents of  
two children:

(a) Dr. William Lindsay Wylie Jr.

May 20, 1951

married

Harriett Jones

Nov. 10, 1950

They have one son,  
William Lindsay III (Oct. 12, 1975)

(b) Elinor Ragsdale Wylie

Jan. 29, 1953

married

Ripley Westmoreland Clarkson

July 21, 1953